

## **OSCE Code DI12**

## NVQ Level 3 National Occupational Standard Ref: VetN 8.1, 8.2, 8.3

Level 3 Diploma in Veterinary Nursing Ref: VN 9.4

This OSCE will be used to assess the awards indicated

Award	Award Reference	Pathway	
NVQ Level 3	100/6216/6	Small Animal	Χ
NVQ Level 3	100/6216/6	Equine	✓
Level 3 Diploma in Veterinary Nursing	500/9872/X	Small Animal	Χ
Level 3 Diploma in Veterinary Nursing	500/9872/X	Equine	✓
Level 3 Diploma in Veterinary Nursing	500/9872/X	Small Animal (Transitional)	Χ
Level 3 Diploma in Veterinary Nursing	500/9872/X	Equine (Transitional)	✓

The owner of this horse reports that it has some swelling of its left front fetlock.

The veterinary surgeon has asked you to select and position appropriate protective and radiographic equipment to obtain a lateral radiograph of the left metacarpo-phalangeal joint.

Comment on whether the model horse is suitably positioned for this procedure.

The horse is lightly sedated and manually restrained by a groom who is adequately protected.

Note: you are not expected to set exposure factors, or to make an exposure.

Please tell the examiner when you are ready to take the exposure



Met	Methodology: you will be expected to:		
1.	Select and put on X-ray gown		
2.	Select and put on radiation dose meter		
3.	Select X-ray gown for assistant, request that they put it on		
4.	Select radiation dose meter for assistant, request that they put it on		
5.	Select 1 pair X-ray gloves for assistant, and request that they put them on		
6.	Select thyroid protector for assistant, and request that they put it on		
7.	Select small or medium cassette		
8.	Select appropriate cassette holder		
9.	Place cassette in holder correct way round		
10.	Label with patient identification and date		
11.	L marker in place		
12.	Tube head lined up so primary beam centred over L metacarpo-phalangeal joint on lateral side of limb		
13.	Tube head at 90° to metacarpo-phalangeal joint		
14.	FFD approx 75 – 110cm		
15.	Cassette in holder positioned on medial aspect of left metacarpo-phalangeal joint		
16.	Assistant holding cassette holder standing in front of horse		
17.	Cassette holder parallel to tube head		
18.	Primary beam collimated to include distal metacarpus		
19.	Primary beam collimated to include proximal short pastern distally		
20.	Dorsal skin edge		
21.	Palmar skin edge		
22.	Labelling within primary beam		
23.	Collimated area does not overlap edges of the cassette		
24.	Correct positioning for radiograph of the left metacarpo-phalangeal joint. (to include necessary equipment)		
25.	Correct centring and collimation		



26.	Clarify which anatomical landmarks you used to help you centre the primary beam
27.	Clarify which anatomical landmarks you used to help you collimate the primary beam
28.	Positioning of horse: candidate comments
29.	Maintain safe practice throughout